Jul 03 SECUI

03014076 _ CO

_ COMMISSION

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: October 31, 2004
Estimated average burden
hours per response......12.00

RECEIVED

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

FORM X47A-5AR 0 3 2003 PART III SEC FILE NUMBER 8-065369

155

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 05-08-02 AND ENDING 12-31-02. mm/dd/yy

	A. REGISTRAN	NT IDENTIFICATION				
NAME OF BROKER-DEALEI	₹:					
E.K. RILEY INVESTMENTS, LL	C			OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)				FIRM I.D. NO.		
1201 3RD AVE, SUITE 2790	(,				
12013 1110,0011121/0	(No. and St	reet Address)		<u> </u>		
OT A TEST TO SW	ACHINICTON	004.04				
SEATTLE W (City)	ASHINGTON (State)	98101 (Zip Code)				
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)				
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUM	IBER OF PERSON TO	O CONTACT IN REGARD	TO THIS R	EPORT		
EDWARD K. RILEY		(206) 832-1520		•		
(Name)	1	(Area Code – Telephone No.)				
	R ACCOUNTA	NT IDENTIFICATION				
	B. 11000011111	THE IDENTIFICATION				
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCC	UNTANT whose opin	ion is contained in this Repor	t*			
GRANT THORNTON LLP		r				
		····				
	(Name – if individual	l, state: last, first, middle name)				
701 PIKE STREET, SUITE 1500	SEATTLE	WASHINGTON	98101			
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)			
CHECK ONE						
Certified Public Accountant				DDAAFAAF		
Public Accountant				PROCESSE		
Accountant not resident in I	Inited States or any of its	possessions.	/	MAD 2 & ADOS		
	FOR OF	FICIAL USE ONLY		MAR 2 4 2003		
				THOMSON		
		ed by the opinion of an independent pu				

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a current valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

supp corr	orti ect.	Ber, tsch, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and ng schedules pertaining to the firm of <u>E.K. RILEY INVESTMENTS, LLC</u> , as of <u>DECEMBER 31, 2002</u> are true and I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any ary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:
		Signature Signature Signature Signature File Signature Signature File Signature Signature Signature Signature Signature Signature
<u>C</u>	nia	Words Henderson
This	repo	rt** contains (check all applicable boxes):
	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g)	Facing page. Statement of Financial Condition. Statement of Income (Loss). Statement of Cash Flows. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital. Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. Computation of Net Capital Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Conditions with respect to methods of
	(n)	consolidation. An Oath or Affirmation. A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Report pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d) of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

E.K. Riley Investments, LLC

December 31, 2002

CONTENTS

	Page
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS	2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION	3
STATEMENT OF EARNINGS	4
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY	5
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	6
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE I - COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER SEC RULE 15c3-1	12
SCHEDULE II - RECONCILIATION OF THE COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER SEC RULE 15c3-1	13
SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT	
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5	15

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

To the Member E.K. Riley Investments, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of E.K. Riley Investments, LLC (a wholly-owned subsidiary of E.K. Riley & Company, Inc.) as of December 31, 2002, and the related statements of earnings, changes in member's equity and cash flows from May 8, 2002 (date of inception) through December 31, 2002 that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of E.K. Riley Investments, LLC as of December 31, 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows from May 8, 2002 (date of inception) through December 31, 2002, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applies in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Short Thorston LLP

Suite 1500 Seattle, Washington 701 Pike Street February 14, 2003 Seattle, WA 98101-2310

T 206.623.1121 **F** 206.623.9247

W www.grantthornton.com

Grant Thornton LLP

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2002

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 206,964
Deposits with clearing organization	350,200
Receivable from clearing organization	269,651
Prepaid expenses	50,694
Securities owned	2,750,905
	3,628,414
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	27,297
OTHER DEPOSITS	12,020
OTHER DEI COITS	
Total assets	\$ 3,667,731
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 198,012
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market value	99,264
Payable to clearing organization	2,638,980
Note payable	3,623
• •	2,939,879
MEMBER'S EQUITY	
Contributed capital	450,000
Accumulated earnings	277,852
	727,852
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 3,667,731

STATEMENT OF EARNINGS

Period from May 8, 2002 (date of inception) through December 31, 2002

Revenues	
Commissions	\$ 40,812
Net gains from trading and investment securities	786,884
Interest and dividend income	12,027
Other income	2,629
Total revenues	842,352
Expenses	
Employee compensation and benefits	429,651
Brokerage, exchange and clearance fees	27,855
Communications and data processing	21,085
Interest expense	6,742
Occupancy	46,663
Other expenses	32,504
Total expenses	564,500
NET EARNINGS	\$ 277,852

4

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY

Period from May 8, 2002 (date of inception) through December 31, 2002

	Contributed capital			mulated rnings	Total	
Balance at May 8, 2002	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Capital contribution	4.	50,000		-	45	0,000
Net earnings			2	77,852	27	7,852
Balance at December 31, 2002	<u>\$4</u>	50,000	\$ 2	77,852	\$ 72	7,852

5

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Period from May 8, 2002 (date of inception) through December 31, 2002

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash flows from operating activities Net earnings	\$	277,852
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net	₩	271,002
cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization expense		2,882
Changes in assets and liabilities:		_,
Deposits with clearing organization		(350,200)
Prepaid expenses		(50,694)
Trading securities	((2,750,905)
Other deposits	•	(12,020)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		198,012
Securities sold, not yet purchased		99,264
Payable to clearing organization, net		2,369,329
- wy man or comment - gramman - gram		
Net cash used in operating activities		(216,480)
1 0		
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of property and equipment		(21,097)
Net cash used in investing activities		(21,097)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from capital contributions		45 0,000
Payments on note payable		(5,459)
Net cash provided from financing activities	_	444,541
		206.064
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		206,964
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		_
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	_	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	206,964
Oash and each equivalents at the or period	حت.	
Supplemental information		
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$	6,742
Cash paid during the period for interest	*	٠,, ،=
Noncash investing and financing activities		
Purchase of leasehold improvements through note payable	\$	9,082
1 atomase of leasemond improvements unrough note payable	₩	٠,٥٥٥

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2002

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

E.K. Riley Investments, LLC (the Company), a wholly-owned subsidiary of E.K. Riley & Company, Inc. (the Parent), is a Washington company and a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is a member of the National Association of Security Dealers (NASD). The Company is engaged primarily in brokerage and investment advisory services of fixed-income securities and clears all transactions with and for customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker or dealer. The Company has offices in Washington and Florida, however, its customers are throughout the United States. It is exempt from the reserve requirements under SEC Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), since it does not handle or carry customer securities and cash.

A summary of the Company's significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

1. Basis of Accounting

The accounts of the Company are maintained on an accrual basis. Revenues and investment income are recognized as they are earned.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents as reported in the accompanying balance sheet approximates fair value.

3. Security Transactions and Revenue Recognition

Security transactions and related revenue and receivables are recorded on a trade date basis. Interest and dividend income are recognized during the period earned. Marketable securities are valued at market value, and securities not readily marketable are valued at fair value as determined by management. Changes in the value of these securities are reflected currently in the results of operations.

4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts reflected in the financial statements for cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and payables approximate their respective fair values due to the short maturities of these instruments. The fair values of securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased are recorded primarily on quoted prices for the same or similar instruments. Changes in the market value of these securities are reflected currently in the results of operations for the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2002

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

5. Income Taxes

The Company's taxable income or loss is reported in the consolidated federal income tax returns of the Parent, and therefore, the financial statements include no provision for federal income taxes. The Company files its own state and local tax returns, provisions for which are included in the operating expenses of the Company.

6. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis using estimated useful lives of three to five years, and leasehold improvements are amortized over the life of the lease. Upon disposal of property and equipment, the accounts are relieved of related costs and accumulated depreciation and any gain or loss is reflected in operations.

7. Use of Estimates

In preparing the Company's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B - AGREEMENT WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION

The Company introduces all customer transactions in securities traded on U.S. securities markets to the Bank of New York Clearing Services, LLC. (BNYCS) on a fully-disclosed basis. The agreement between the Company and its clearing broker provides that the Company is obligated to assume any exposure related to nonperformance by customers or counterparties. The Company monitors clearance and settlement of all customer transactions on a daily basis. The exposure to credit risk associated with the nonperformance of customers and counterparties in fulfilling their contractual obligations pursuant to these securities transactions can be directly impacted by volatile trading markets which may impair the customer's or counterparty's ability to satisfy their obligations to the Company. In the event of nonperformance, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at unfavorable market prices resulting in a loss. Management does not anticipate nonperformance by customers and counterparties in the above situations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2002

NOTE B - AGREEMENT WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION - Continued

In addition to the clearing services provided, BNYCS also loans money to the Company to finance trading accounts.

NOTE C - SECURITIES OWNED

Securities owned and securities sold, but not yet purchased, consist of trading and investment securities at market values, as follows:

	Owned		Sold, Not Yet Purchased			
Government collateralized mortgage obligations Corporate collateralized mortgage obligations	\$ _	2,696,298 54,607	\$	99,264		
	\$	2,750,905	\$	99,264		

As a securities broker-dealer, the Company is engaged in various securities trading and brokerage activities as principal. In the normal course of business the Company has sold securities that it does not currently own and will therefore be obligated to purchase such securities at a future date. The Company has recorded this obligation in the financial statements at the December 31, 2002 market value of the related securities and will incur a trading loss on the securities if the market price increases and a trading gain if the market price decreases subsequent to December 31, 2002.

NOTE D - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consists of the following at December 31, 2002:

Computer software	\$	10,600
Computers and equipment		9,941
Leasehold improvements		9,638
		30,179
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		2,882
	\$	27,297

NOTE E - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company intends to distribute funds to its Parent for federal income tax obligations that are incurred by the Parent as a result of its ownership in the Company. This amount should approximate \$96,000 related to the 2002 tax year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2002

NOTE F - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Leases

The Company leases office space for its corporate headquarters in Seattle under the terms of a non-cancelable operating lease agreement. The future minimum payments required for this lease include \$30,974 due through June 2003. In 2003, the Company signed an agreement to exercise its option to extend the office lease through June 2005. Future minimum payments under the extension total \$30,974, \$61,948 and \$30,974 for 2003, 2004 and 2005, respectively. The Company also has a month-to-month lease agreement for its Boca Raton, Florida office. Rental expense for all operating leases amounted to approximately \$35,000 for 2002.

Brokerage Fees

In accordance with the Clearing Agreement the Company entered into with BNYCS on September 13, 2002, the Company pays brokerage fees based upon the number of trade tickets generated and the type of customer. The Company is required to pay a minimum of \$7,500 per month for brokerage fees, which are waived for the first nine months of the Agreement. The Agreement expires on September 12, 2005, however, either party may terminate the Agreement upon ninety days' written notice.

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Effective January 1, 2003, the Company has a 401(k) Profit Sharing and Trust Plan. Under the Plan, employees may elect to defer up to 75% of their salary, subject to limitations under the Internal Revenue Code. The Company does not make matching contributions.

NOTE H - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company is subject to the net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission. This rule prohibits the Company from engaging in any securities transaction at a time when its "aggregate indebtedness" exceeds fifteen times its "net capital" as those terms are defined by the rule, or eight times its "net capital" during the first year of operations.

At December 31, 2002, the Company's net capital and required net capital were \$418,041 and \$25,204, respectively, and its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.48 to 1. The Company's absolute minimum required net capital is \$100,000.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Schedule I

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER SEC RULE 15c3-1

December 31, 2002

Aggregate indebtedness Total liabilities		\$ 2 020 970
Less, nonaggregate indebtedness liabilities		2,939,879 2,738,244
Dess, nonaggregate indebtedness habilides		 2,730,244
Aggregate indebtedness		\$ 201,635
Net capital		
Total stockholder's equity		\$ 727,852
Adjustments to net capital pursuant to Rule 15c3-1		
Deduct		
Nonallowable assets		
Property and equipment	\$ 27,297	
Other assets	 62,714	90,011
Haircuts on securities		
Trading and investment securities	167,349	
Undue concentrations	 52,451	 219,800
Net capital		418,041
Minimum net capital requirement		 25,204
Absolute minimum net capital requirement pursuant to Rule 15c3-1		100,000
Excess net capital over minimum requirements		\$ 318,041
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		 .48 to 1

Schedule II

RECONCILIATION OF THE COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER SEC RULE 15c3-1

December 31, 2002

Net Capital

Net capital as of December 31, 2002, as reported in Company's Part II unaudited FOCUS report	\$ 424,801
Adjustment to record note payable and to adjust securities to fair market value	 6,760
Net capital as of December 31, 2002, as adjusted	\$ 418,041
Aggregate Indebtedness	
Aggregate indebtedness as of December 31, 2002 per unaudited report filed by Company	\$ 198,012
Adjustment to record note payable	 3,623
Aggregate indebtedness at December 31, 2002, as adjusted	\$ 201,635

These adjustments changed the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of 0.48 to 1 from 0.47 to 1 as previously reported in the unaudited FOCUS Part IIA for the year ended December 31, 2002.

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

To the Member E.K. Riley Investments, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of E.K. Riley Investments, LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2002 and from May 8, 2002 (date of inception) through December 31, 2002, we considered its internal controls, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal controls.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Suite 1500
701 Pike Street
Seattle, WA 98101-2310
T 206.623.1121
F 206.623.9247
W www.grantthornton.com

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives, in all material respects, indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the member, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and should not be used by anyone other than these specific parties.

Seattle, Washington February 14, 2003

Grant Thouten LLP

Grant Thornton &

Grant Thornton LLP US Member of Grant Thornton International © 2001 Grant Thornton LLP All rights reserved

701 Pike Street, Suite 1500 Seattle, WA 98101-2310 T (206) 623-1121 F (206) 623-9247 W www.grantthornton.com